Q. We're talking to Raymond I. Hagler,
October 21, 1975, who was born May 29 in 1900,
right here in Salina and has lived all his life
in Salina. He is at home.

What is the address here, Ray?

- A. 241 North Penn Avenue.
- Q. 241 North Penn Avenue, and most all his life has been spent on Penn Avenue and Oakdale. So, well, I would also make comment that in the house with us is Ray's marriage partner for some 54 years next month, Hazel. All right. Ray, we know that you have been all your life in Salina, and I just thought to ask you a few minutes ago, would you like to tell us what you know of stories that your folks shared when they -- how long they were in Kansas and how life was for them that you learned as a boy?
- A. That's fine, Glen, I would be very glad to tell you. My mother was born on Smoky Hill River down south of Bridgeport, Kansas, on August the 9th, 1873; and my father came out here about 1870. He was born in Carbondale, Illinois, in 1868. And around '70 or '71, along in there, he came out here. And my grandfather

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built a house out on what we call the Fifth
Street Road which is right across from the
present Bonnie Ridge, it's a large two story
house that sits there now. My grandfather built
that. My father spent his childhood there and
he was a raiser of fine horses and furnished
them for the H.D. Lee Company for many years.
And my mother worked in the old Salina Daily
Union and Journal when they combined here many
years ago until her and my dad were married and
established a home and then he was in various
business after that.

- Q. What businesses were they?
- years and then he was a produce inspector for the old Salina Produce Company, the R.A. (inaudible) and for an outfit in Torrington, Wyoming. He went around and inspected cars of fresh fruits and vegetables that had damage or were turned down by the people that shipped to the customers, and he would make adjustments on it and that was mostly what he done. He had the coal yard first and then the inspection business afterwards.
 - Q. Did they tell you when you were a child,

did they relate any stories to you about any hardships?

- A. Well, it was all hardships in those days. They didn't have to relate any. The whole thing was hardship all the way through.

 And, why, you could buy bread for a nickel. A nickel was awful hard to get. Eggs, ten cents a dozen. And if you worked for a dollar a day, you was making very good pay, and with the exception of the stuff that you could raise and live on the farm, why, the hardships were many in those days.
- Q. Okay. So let's, with that background,
 Ray, let's talk a little bit about what Ray
 Hagler remembers of his home of Salina, born May
 29th, 1900.
 - A. At 123 South Oakdale Avenue.
- Q. Okay. How about as a youngster in grade school?
- A. Oh, the Oakdale that I went to is not the present Oakdale. It was sitting over on the northeast corner. I finished six grades there. Then the old Central School set on South Seventh Street between the two schools that are there now, which weren't there at that time. And a

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while back Jimmy Geisendorf had a picture of the old Central School in the paper and the old timers here will remember that very well. finished the 6th grade there. I was five grades in Oakdale instead of six, and the 6th grade Then the first Salina High School set on the corner of Mulberry and Seventh. My two aunts graduated from that before Washington was built. Then we went to Washington and they established that school as a grammar school for 7th and 8th grade. I went through both grades in that school after getting out of Central And then over to Washington High School School. that's been recently torn down. That's my history of my school here.

- Q. All right. What was -- what did you do for fun as a lad?
- A. Personally, I worked. I was unfortunate as people won't know how much, but my dad couldn't see.
 - Q. I see.
- A. Not totally blind, but he couldn't read very much. He read a little. And they got better in later years when he was on his inspection trips. But he never could see very

good and I never participated in any sports of any kind because I always had something else to And off record I could tell you some things, but I wouldn't put it on microphone. But we got along all right, we never wanted for anything. I took care of cows and everything was run by horses in those days. The doctors had horses for their buggies and all. And he and I together had three or four around here, and then I used to take the cows out and put them out in the daytime, get them back in at night. always got to milk that way. And oh, just things -- while it sounds like a hardship today, We got along just fine. And if you it wasn't. had to do it now, it would be a hardship; yes, But in those days because almost it would. everyone has done something like that, Doc Lutz that lived or not the corner of Front and Gypsum had many horses because he used them all times of day and night, and we took care of them and done their work around there. And different things like that, that we could do and it worked out all right because you didn't need \$40.00 a day in those days, and you very seldom got for H.D. \$40.00 a month. And started to work

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Lee Company here in 1916 and my pay was \$30.00 a month. So you see, that was about the base pay for an ordinary youngster starting to work in those days. And then up as high as 1935, I worked for Saline County for \$70 dollars a month.

- Q. Just for a moment let's go back to 123 South Oakdale, and then where did you move?
- A. I'll tell you about that. We stayed at 123 South Oakdale probably a year-and-a-half after I was born. Then 113 South Oakdale, it still sits there, I think Jack Lacy's got it, senior. And my dad built that, and then we moved in to that house from 123 and my sister was born there... Hazel?

(WHEREUPON an off the record discussion was had after which the following:)

My sister was born there in 1902 and I lived there until Hazel and I were married on the 23rd of November of 1921 and then I moved out of there then and see that left me, I suppose I lived there about 19 years, I think.

Q. Now you talk of taking the cows out and we think of that and see Oakdale where it is now. How far did you have to walk those cows before

they were out?

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Down Iron Avenue and over there, there was nothing, I could look east out of our 113 North Oakdale and look out on the hill and the present house that Lee Marshall has now was a smaller structure and a man lived there that was originally a mail carrier, but he raised a lot of fruit in an orchard. And I could look right straight out there and there was one brick house on Kansas Avenue between our house and the hill. There was nothing in there, that was all country, And all across Iron Avenue there on everything. the north side of the road, and by the way there was no river bed then, behind our house, too. There was a wooden bridge across there. Well, you could pasture your cows anywhere in there. There was nothing over in here anywhere. house that we live in here was built in 1910, and one of the very few was out here at that But everything was just country. time. wasn't anything else out there.

- 0. So Oakdale was on the east edge of town?
- It was on the east edge of town. were some more houses east on Iron and the house that sits on the corner of Iron and Kansas, now,

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my folks were married in that house in 1894.

(WHEREUPON an off the record discussion was had after which the following:)

Then see, they were married, my folks were married about six years before I happened along. I have a brother that's deceased. That 1894 should be 1896.

- 0. 1896.
- Q. Okay. That's a wall plate, wedding present, on November 15, 1896.
- A. That's from Anna Johannes, that grocery store that's on the corner down there was Lou Johannes' grocery store. And they were married just shortly, and Mrs. Johannes was a full cousin to my mother. My grandmother and Mrs. Johannes, the present Johannes people that are here, they were sisters. Some woman called me, you want to shut that off a second.
 - Q. No, that's all right.
- A. Some lady called here the other day,

 Pat Whalen or something, anyhow. She had the

 whole deal and she wanted all the names of those

 people and there's a Mrs. Turner and Anna

 Johannes' mother and my mother's mother that

were sisters. Well, it was a Catholic family and by the way, I don't want this on this record, shut that off there.

(WHEREUPON an off the record discussion was had after which the following:)

Protestant woman and my mother's side of the family, they were never Catholics, she never went to the Catholic Church. But we have records that show that she was, all three of those younger girls at that time were baptized in the Catholic Church. There's a lot of funny people in the world.

- Q. Ray, you remember, you were quite young, but do you remember the Great Flood early in the century?
- A. I wonder why I didn't. We were living at 113 South Oakdale and my granddad lived across, there was a big slew in there at that time and he lived across on Penn Avenue on the alley, he had his horses and barn and everything. That water started in, oh, real fast on the morning of 1903, which was my birthday on May the 29th. They sat me in a high chair and you

say kids that age can't remember. I could remember that if it was yesterday. They put me up in my high chair and put my egg and breakfast in front of me and the water started every place. And my dad hollered, well, here comes a wagon So we grabbed everything we and four horses. could and we drove up there and we got in that wagon and went over to Gypsum and started east on Gypsum. And water running through our house, oh, lordy, man, it was -- it was a terrible Then I don't remember too much till we got over on Gypsum going east and there was a lady -- Gypsum Street. A lady lived there with her aged mother and they got her out and while hoisting her up, she slipped or something and caught her on that thing that holds the box on the wagon. I can remember that, she was hanging down from that. Well, I don't remember anything more till we got to Ohio Street and turned south. It was a big hedge row in there. there was no houses anywhere out there, except this one by (inaudible), so we turned south there to what is Greeley now and went to what is 1120 Greeley now, a home lived in by Mrs. Noble Maybrier. And we stayed there for the duration

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of the 1903 flood. And I was by there the other just to look, and there was a huge pine tree that stands in the yard and when I was ten years old I could jump and catch the bottom branch and pull myself up. It's up about 30 to 40 feet now. And the tree must be, well, that was Well, that tree is 70, 75 years old. ago. Mrs. Maybrier owns that place, and there was nothing out there anywhere. You could look in to town to the north and there was one house on the corner of Gypsum and Ohio. It's the old Stack property and the Stack Plumbing Company, the old original man was the great grandfather of the young fellow that's got Stack Plumbing Company now, or Mrs. Stack. And that's the end. When the fellow took horses and rode over to the brick yard, there was an old brick yard over there and where Indian Rock Park is. That lake down in there was where they run a railroad down and took that stuff out to make the brick and haul it back up the hill. And then took the horses and the sacks and rode from 1120 Greeley over to the brick yard and everybody got a sack coal and rode back. Now those two things I can remember very vividly. And then Ruby and I

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were out on the front yard the time and we played there. Now those, the other part of being out there in the flood until we moved back to the almost total wreck of everything. I don't remember much of, but those are very vivid in my memory and the old store that sits on the corner of Iron and Second Street over there now is the liquor store, half of it, I don't know what's the other half, that was T.M. Grocery and boy, it just washed right through there. flood, while they will tell you that the water wasn't as high in places here as it was in '51, they had a big one. '50-51 is when they had the big one. But there was nothing to obstruct it and it washed through with great force. An enormous amount of damage. And then we had a small one in 1905 I remember and then not till her and I lived over on South Oakdale and we had one in '41, '42 and '43. Not real bad, but they were bad, we kept them out of our cellar over there. Then, when was the last flood we had before they put the ditch in out here honey? In 1950 because the big cut off was not in here in 1950, no, it wasn't. And that was the last -- and it was a big one.

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Q. How long were you out at this, the white farmhouse, during the flood; do you remember?

A. Oh, it must have been ten days or more, wasn't it, Hazel? Ten days to two weeks. I would say the water stayed in here from a week to ten days and then we came home just as soon after and started to clean up and fix the wall that caved in in the basement and all of that. And then the last flood we had that came -- no, it wasn't the last one.

MRS. HAGLER: '51 was the last.

A. Yeah, but it wasn't the one that caved our wall in. That was the one when we were still over on -- when we bought this house, they had had to put a basement wall in the south end. Flood we had before we moved over here, which must have been '45 or '44, caved the south wall of this house and that had to be replaced. But the last big flood that we had here was in 1950, and that's the only time that there was any -- ever any water in this cellar. Of course, the cellar wasn't here in 1903. And the reason I remember when this was, of course, my abstract shows me that, but at the same time I was going

to Oakdale School and a stone mason, brick mason, named Ike Davis was building this house and he had a son, Oakley, that went to school with me, and after school we'd come down and watch him build this house. That was in 1910, so you know how old our house is. And there was -- I can remember just one house between here and the corner. It would be 209 now, the old, Fred George's dad built it, and now I think that was the only house in here, with exception of this one. And then they started building this block after that.

- Q. Now something about the everyday life of the community, do you remember about how many people lived in Salina?
- A. Oh, I was trying to remember the school census, this is something I want to show you, too. That's his wife that lives in town, is a sister to Mrs. Will Rodges a sister to this woman here. This was Bess Christian.
 - Q. She was your teacher?
 - A. She was our teacher, Bess Christian.
 - Q. And this is the old Oakdale School?
- A. This is the old one that sat on the front of the lot out closer to where the new one

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is now back a little ways. It was on the north side of the alley because on Iron Avenue was a row of houses at that time. And the old school was way over on the corner.

- Okay. Now I notice here that about 45 children in the one grade level?
- That was a common deal in those days. It was a common deal. One time I remember we had over 50 in either that grade or the next one after that.
 - Uh-huh. 0.
- And the majority of these people are A . I was checking, I have a big sheet that a lady made out. The lady that made it out is Ruth Shaffer made it out, you know. gone now. And I was checking there and, oh, there's just enormous amount of those people. I don't suppose there's over, not much over a dozen left.
- 0. What about the services of the city or the town or whatever it was called in those days. How about fire protection, did you have any fire protection?
- Well, as you noticed, as I stated in A . there, up until this picture was taken or up about that time, it was all volunteer.

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there was a few instances, you probably won't agree with me, the old fire house was on North Santa Fe about middle way of the block on the east side of the street. There was a fire wagon with hoses there and a great big round wheel reel with a hose on it. Well, as there was no fire department, we had in those days what we They were forerunners of the called hacks. taxi-cabs, and the fellows sat on the different corners with their horses waiting to pick up Well, there was a fares or to go someplace. bell on top of this fire station down there. And when the bell rang, the first hack that got down on North Santa Fe here to hookup the hose cart got \$5.00 and that's more than they made in So everytime the fire bell rung, some weeks. all the hacks just tore down there. And knowing kids like you do and like I do, now what happened many times, sneak up there and give that rope a pull. And I know of an instance, wasn't personally involved in it, but there was an old fellow that sat on the corner and slept with his mouth open, and he'd go to sleep on And one day, coming home from school, the kids sneaked up and unhooked the tugs of his

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the street.

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the south side of

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It's torn down

Of course, they were standing there horses. And let the tugs drop, you know, asleep, too. and fixed the neck yoke, then they slipped down the alley and rang the fire bell. Away went the horses and old Gus hanging. Gus went out there. If he had ever found out who done that, he'd have killed them, which I wouldn't have blamed And, but, that's the way the fires were handled in those days. All volunteer, and as they would haul the cart to the fire, everybody would come out and lend a hand. that was fixed or done away within about -- when was our first department with horses over on Ash There was an old gentleman named Tom Street? Anderson that drove a grocery wagon for John Gates and John Gates' grocery store is the 100 So we got a fire engine and block of West Iron. wagon with three horses. They started out to be all white, but one of them died and they had the And that -- they didn't have the black one. distance to go in those days. East of Oakdale -well, Ohio Street was about it. But they would run out that far and it was located in the 100 block of East Ash between Fifth and Santa Fe on

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And I took one of the first rides, I have always been a fire buff and been around stations and I knew Tom Anderson real well. So I took a ride up there with Tom Anderson and we went south on Fifth Street and as we went to make -it was a steel tired wagon and paving was brick and as we made the turn to go east, there were two horses and two buggies hitched over on a hitching post on that side, Haustenberg and Lockstrum Implement Company and of course that steel wheeled wagon just turned right around there and just cut those buggies right off those horses, going like that. I rode on it many times and hung around the fire station. were always glad to get somebody to polish the harness or something like that. Then I would imagine in about, oh, it was in the paper here a while back, Jimmy Geisendorf, the time that Broadbeck was killed over here on the bridge. was coming home from Oakdale or from Central School one afternoon and there was an old wooden bridge across the river there at Iron Avenue and Fourth Street at that time and a narrow wagon bridge, and Possum Miller was the driver of the It was an Old Mitchell, Broadbeck was

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And as they come to go on that bridge, a girl with a buggy drove on that bridge and rather than hit the girl, there was a steel railing on the south side of Iron Avenue bridge, they turned the fire wagon and hit that and took Broadbeck's leg off and which he died. believe I got a picture, if you got a little time. It won't take me a second. And that was the first paid fire department we had. hadn't been in operation very long before this happened, because I know in 1910 we still had the horses. And in fact, we used that one old Mitchell automobile in conjunction with the big hose wagon and fire engine that were drawn by horses and the chief would ride in that and get there and get things going until the horses got But the horses were paid fire department, there. And that says... September what? not volunteer.

- Q. September 30, 1912.
- A. 1912. Well, that was -- I don't suppose that was in operation a year before that accident happened. And it killed -- it tells you there the Chief died after that. And then we advanced, that stayed on East Ash there when it was entirely motorized after it got through

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the horses, until the fire station was built south of City Hall on Fifth Street. suppose you were here then because the present fire station hadn't been over there more than what, eight, ten years, something like that. Well, anyhow, it moved from 100 block on West Ash over to the fire station and the City Hall was to the north where the police department was and the fire station was south and it stayed there till they tore it down and built the present fire station that we have there now. Of course, you know we got one out by the church. And the central fire station over here on West Elm and Jewell and Santa Fe, South Santa Fe, and in Schilling. That's the four departments we have now.

- Q. You mentioned church, you are currently a member, you're a charter member of the Rolling Hills Congregational Church?
 - A. Yes, we are.
- Q. What about the churches when you were a child, how many churches were there or what can you remember of church?
- A. I think I can remember all the churches that that were here. I think you can when you

came down here in 1913 even. Of course, the Presbyterian Church which is the old brick church across from the post office at the present time was the Presbyterian Church. And until -- and then they built the one they got now possibly, oh, must be pretty near 50 years ago because we never went to that other church after joining the Presbyterian. So it's been there 40, 45 years and there was the Presbyterian, the Methodist and the Christian; and the Christian had a little white church right south of the post office in what the parking lot is now there. But the Methodist, Presbyterian, Christian, Congregational, Catholic, Lutheran...

MRS. HAGLER: United Brethren was here when I came here.

A. United Brethren and Baptist.

MRS. HAGLER: Because that's where I went was United.

A. That's right. But I can't -- there might have been the -- I don't think that the Quakers or Mennonites or any of those people were up in here, at least at that time. But the ones I mentioned, I believe, are the nucleus of

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the churches that were here. I can't remember any more. Now the St. John's Baptist Church, which was colored, was on North Fifth Street, and they might have had another one, but that's the only one I remember of that. But if there were any other churches at that time, I can't remember what they were and I don't believe there were. Of course, the Seventh Day Adventist come later. And some of those; but the Presbyterian, the Methodist, the Lutheran, the Baptist, the United Brethren and the Catholic, not over six, seven.

- Q. You were baptized in a church that's no longer?
- A. Oh, it's been down for many years. Now if you want to take a look at it, they won't let you take it out because I pretty near had to have an Act of Congress to get it, and I had it out to church one Sunday. But they're very against anything like that over here.
- Q. That was the Plymouth Congregational Church?
- A. Plymouth Congregational Church. And I can't remember our first pastor, I just can't.

 I can remember several afterwards, but I don't

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know who the -- but a fellow named Smedley that was the head of what was the United Power & Light Company at that time, he was the superintendent and the general and livery barn man, his son used to live next door to us. Isaac Snyder, he was one of the main goals there. But if there are any other churches in town, I didn't know of them. Of course, in later years, why they came in every denomination that you ever heard of almost. I was talking to someone the other day and I can't figure out who it was that said they belonged to the Mennonites down south. But there are wonderful people. had a tornado here in town about five years ago. They were all up here the next morning by daylight, 40 strong with their portable kitchens and their women with them and everything and they went right to work without any instructions from anybody or getting in anybody's way and worked there till the thing was cleaned up.

- Q. Now let's get back. You said that you went, you had your first job as far as full time employment when you were 13 years old, 1916?
 - A. No, my first steady job out of school as 1916 with H.D. Lee. It's the old McCune

Paper building now, the one on the corner, the big one. And by the way that burned, there was one there just like it, not quite so far back. It burned in 1904 and it was replaced with the one that is there now. And that was the H.D. Mercantile and the one on the south was the Lee Hardware Company. And it's called the Lee Company now and they still own it. But McCune Paper Company owns the one on the corner of Elm and Santa Fe.

- Q. Is there any relationship between H.D. Lee and Lee Hardware?
- A. Yeah, he owned both at one time. He owned them both and then it was split up and then Charles Swartz got to be the president and young Charles Swartz is still the president.

 And it was operated separately from the grocery house, all together separate. And I stayed there till 1928. Then I went with Kellogg

 Cereal Company out of Battle Creek, Michigan and stayed till about '32. And then I was with the Ridenour Baker. I went with them for a number -- well, I went with them as long as they were in business and as the chain stores came on and eliminated the individual wholesalers, why those

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companies all closed up, including these, because the chain stores got to operating and had their own operations and the individual merchants and wholesalers couldn't exist.

- What did you do for H.D. Lee?
- Well, I started in the coffee And there was assistant roaster for department. some time, and then worked in the taking care of orders and taking it down on the floor and then I had a small city territory here for a while, confections and candies and stuff in smaller grocery stores, salesman, yeah. Substitute on the road, about the last five or six years I was with them I done that. Then I went with Kellogg's.
- What did the business community look like? What can you remember of businesses on Santa Fe, for instance, or some of the larger warehouses?
- Stiefel's, although it wasn't as tall as it is now, was one of the originals and across the street to the east the Salina Mercantile Company which was the Littowiches I don't know whether you ever heard of them or not. He was an attorney here and his sister lived

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down here, they're very wealthy, all of them. 1 think they're all dead and gone now. Stiefel's, Salina Mercantile Company and Hayward's, Charlie Hayward were the three main stores on Santa Fe Avenue and down a little farther north was a grocery store run by an Austin which was Vet Austin, it was his great grandfather, and of course Austins are all gone now, I think except him. Then Vince's father. We had the old store just across the tracks on North Ninth, right on that corner, B. Vances had it and then his son, we called him Gus, I forget what his name was, he had it until his death, oh, ten, 12 years ago and then Charlie Dodge, he was in there, wasn't he? He run a meat and grocery store down there.

(WHEREUPON an off the record discussion was had after which the following:)

A. Well, Oscar Vance that lives now in the 700 block of Highland about two or three houses on that side of the street was the cousin of these others, and of course, this was in later years. Well, it was when I was working for Lee's, but this other was way back early. And

Oscar Vance run a meat market right across catty-wampus from Lee's; there's an old frame building there and he was in there many years and done real well, retired wealthy. And Oscar now is about 83 or four, along in there. course, he wasn't there in the early days, but the Vances Vances were there in 1903, were. four, five along there, up to ten. But Oscar was down there, can you think of anybody else? Of course, the old Lamar Hotel was on the corner, you remember that? It was on the corner with the Clayton, there's a big whole there now. Clayton up there. And across the street from the bus station was a candy factory and a plate glass window in the candy factory, if you got just so the sun hit it right in the afternoon, it had been scraped off many years ago, but it said J.C. Stevens, Wholesaler Liquors. course, that was a long time ago because the dry law hit Kansas, oh, way early in the century and it was against the law for liquor of any kind to Well, of course, he went out of be here. Then Bob Kimball or Bob's father business. started the candy factory. It was a four story deal right there on the corner.

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No, you came here in 1913. You sure did. Well, maybe 1910. Well, that candy factory was built between 1910 and '13 and stood there, well, the bottom part of it yet is the old original candy factory, but they took the three stories off up above. Then the Kimballs all died and the candy factory quit. That was one of the old timers. I believe it stood empty for quite a while.

- The very early years we're talking about, let's talk 1913 and before that, do you remember, how about the farming community, did they come in any night, any given night to shop?
- All the stores were open all the time. And on North Fifth Street at 10:00 at night. 113 where my Daddy had a coal yard, right north of him was a feedyard. That's what it was called, it was a big tin deal. The farmers would drive their horses to town and put them in

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the feedyard, they could unhitch them from the wagon if you wanted to and feed them and leave them in this feedyard until you was ready to go home and you come and hitched up and went on home. But farmers came to town. Saturday was the big day, of course. The barber shops were open until after midnight on Saturday night. But almost all groceries, maybe not the one on East Iron, but the uptown groceries were open every night for the people that came in later. But it was almost all, well, as I remember when I was small, it was all horses. You can remember when all the delivery wagons were And everybody delivered and a kid used to hook on to the back of the wagons with the sled and once in a while got their rope caught and couldn't get it and chase it for three miles. And then it gradually changed, I would say when I went down to Lee's, the old fellow that had the old Smith former truck with the Ford or the Ford with the chain drive to the back wheels. That was the only truck there was when I went Or '17, I guess it was. there in 1916. Well, anyhow, that was the only truck. The rest of They had one three-horse team, them were horses.

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one, four-horse team and a lot of two-horse teams for wagons and they hauled it. At first, had to haul the way down on North Ninth Street to Union Pacific people depot then the Union Pacific built one over here on Ash and Third where it sits now. And it was there long enough that we used to haul stuff from Lee's in 1928 John Buddenpole drove the over to this one. three horse wagon. That was all transferred from the grocery house over to the depot and unloaded to put on the cars to go. Because you had L.C. Littowiches local freight at that time. Now there is L.C. any more. You can't ship L.C. on the railroad. They've got a piggy back deal now where they deliver it from. But if you don't have car load lots, it goes by these trucks, and, but, at that time you could load from here to Hays or Ellis all in one car and the train would stop at every station and unload. And her father spent 50 years on the railroad and her brother over 50 years. They were both engineers.

- Q. Now what about carnivals or festivals, did the community ever come together?
 - A. We had what we called chautauquas, I

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don't know whether you ever heard of them or not. They were held in Oakdale Park, and while it had to be under a tent because they had nothing, and a lady that lived here a long time ago by the name of Claflin donated enough money to build a great big pavilion, Claflin Hall. And she built it over there, no floor in it, just the sides and the sand and just the top on it. And the old chautauquas were held here every year. we got, oh, we got the pick of the crop. William Jennings Bryan and we had Colonel Funston when he came down here to the post. we had John Philip Sousa several different times. And we had the top of entertainment at that chautauqua. Of course, there were little carnivals that come and went just privately But that was the big deal and, boy, operated. we used -- they used to put up tents and camp there the whole week of the chautauqua. that was a big deal, that was. When the old convention haul was up, I used to be a stage hand and work in my younger years. Charlie Hagler was a electrician. We had grand opera then, oh, almost once a year, the bigger companies.

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Q. Where was this convention hall, what time period are we talking about now?

A. Well, it's on the corner of Walnut and Santa Fe, which was the old Nysner Store, that's where it set. And I can't tell you when it was built. It was built by the United Commercial Travelers because it was the big shield up there that said UTC.

MRS. HAGLER: It was here when I came here.

A. Yeah, it must have been built -
MRS. HAGLER: It was built before
1910 anyway.

A. Well, around that time. Because it wasn't there when I was going to Central School, I don't believe, I think it was just built. And it stayed there until, oh, how long has it been down? Well, when they built Nysner Store, they tore it down and built that building that's there that Nysners moved in. Probably.

MRS. HAGLER: I graduated in 1921 and right after that they tore it down.

A. They tore it down. Well, I'd say '22, '23, they tore it down.

Q. Now the chautauqua and the central

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opera house were --

A. Separate, the operas were held in the convention hall. One of them I think in the old museum, where the United Life Building stands now, I believe one there. But the majority of grand operas, all I remember because I worked, I was a stage hand, electrician, and was in the convention hall. Not at the chautauqua. The chautauqua was a summertime proposition, was held outdoors and the grand opera was generally in the winter in the convention hall.

- Q. This was all in the early years?
- A. Oh, yeah, yeah. That was, chautaugua was.

MRS. HAGLER: They had an open air dome that we used to have. The new theatre was built in that place.

A. No, no. The old air dome was on the corner of 7th and Ash, right over on the corner there, right -- that was the old air dome. And it was whole big seating outdoors and a dome over the stage and traveling companies would come here, show companies of all kinds, put on their shows there all through the summer and it was called the air dome and you could see drama.

(WHEREUPON an off the record discussion was had, after which the following:)

A. The shows that came to convention hall in the early days was Rudy Valle and she was with Rudy Valle show by the way. And I remember Ginger Rogers and her mother, I conversed with both of them and had quite a visit with them.

Supposedly, at that time she was 13 years old. She must have been older because there isn't that much difference between her age and mine. Because I wasn't married at that time. And anyhow they was real nice people. And then the all girl orchestra, I don't know whether people remember that or not.

- Q. Phil Spatowney?
- A. Phil Spatowney was there with his girls.

 And we had grand opera four or five years. We had some of the best shows on the road and we

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had vaudeville, too, and some of the head liners in later years were a lot of the people that came through there. And that was a very enjoyable part of my life. Show business is in different forms has been part of my life all the time.

- Q. You had the chautauqua, you had the air dome, you had convention hall; were all these well attended?
- A. Very much so. Very much so. And the only time that we got to see anything out, out of the travel log was Lyman H. Howe. Lyman H. Howe Travel Log came to convention hall once a year. I took you right after we were married, don't you remember? The travel log of different countries? That was prior to 1921, that's when we were married. And then the controversial shows that came, the Birth of a Nation stirred up quite a thing.

MRS. HAGLER: That was a movie at the convention hall movie theatre?

- A. Lyman H. Howe was movies, that travel log movie. And while it was rated great in those days and was a great production.
 - Q. What did the folks think of Birth of a

Nation?

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A. Very much divided. Very much divided.

Of course, our minority groups at that time were not near as large as they are now. But of course, they were probably against it. But it was a great production. Did you ever see it?

It was a great production. But naturally the minority groups and the southerners were very, very much against it. And what was another great one in that time? Birth of a Nation,

Lyman H. Howe? Can't you remember something that we went to there?

MRS. HAGLER: No.

- A. And then we had organized baseball here back in...
 - Q. How far back did that go?
 - A. Organized baseball?
 - Q. Yes.
- A. Oh, her dad died in 1915 and he died at a baseball game and I'd say it went back 15 years from that.
 - Q. About 1935 then?
 - A. No, her dad died in 1915.

MRS. HAGLER: The Bluejays, that

was it?

A. Yeah, that's who he was watching when he died.

MRS. HAGLER: The Bluejays?

- A. The Bluejays, yeah. And we had the Millers and the Bluejays and, it started North Central Kansas League and it got to be something else. Jake Smith that runs the clothing store here and Bert Lamb was the two last guys that owned and managed the last organized baseball here. And that's been, well, this is '75, it's been 24 or five years ago. Her dad went to the baseball game and he didn't come home after the baseball game. He had a Chevrolet, small car.
- Q. Now when you were a young boy, was one of the sports that was played, did they play baseball?
- A. That was the main deal. Football was in some schools. I never saw a high school football game because it was played in 1910 to '16, but on a limited basis. But baseball was -- there was many leagues of different kinds through here and professional, nonprofessional team. One of the teams we always waited every year for them to come was called the House of David, Religious Sect Organization. All the

guys had to wear beards. And I forgot who it is now, Joe Garjola was telling us about it, one of the people that's in organized ball now couldn't grow a beard, so he got a false one and come out in that darned ballgame, but the House of David boys were all bearded and at that time as good as any professional team in the business. They were wonderful. Then the colored baseball at that time was the Kansas City...

- Q. The Monarchs?
- A. Kansas City Monarchs, was the chief colored baseball team in the nation and had they been allowed to, they could have beat a lot of major league teams at that time. They weren't permited to.
 - Q. How long ago was that?
- A. Well, when did Jackie Robinson come in baseball? It was just a few years -- of course Jackie Robinson was the first colored man in baseball.
- Q. Well, then we'd be talking about the 1930's.
- A. Yeah, Satchel Page finally got to pitch for one or two major league teams before he got where he couldn't and nobody knew how old

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Satchel was because he's always 42, him and Jack
Benny. Jack was 39 and Satchel was 42. But he
got in the majors after, but I would say the
Kansas City Monarchs were dissolved in the early '30's.

Q. You were married when the money crisis hit and times were hard. Could you tell us a little bit about that?

She'll cry and so will I. Well, it was terrible. We owned -- shall I tell it or shall We owned a house on South Penn, mortgaged of course, heavy. And the crash hit. I didn't have a job, we couldn't hardly eat. couldn't pay for the house. We had it in what was called the HOLC, Home Owners Loan Corporation. Naturally if you couldn't pay for it, you had to give it back. But when we gave it back, they come along with an \$1,800.00 deficiency judgement. The house sold for \$1,800.00 less than we had, the mortgage was. So here they come with that \$1,800.00 deficiency So if you got a job they'd slap it judgement. on you and you'd lose your job. Well, that got to be bad and they got to closing the farmers out. All around here and just stealing their farms from them. Farmers got shot guns.

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Q. What year was this?

Well it happened in '29, and I'd say '29 or '30.

MRS. HAGLER: Oh, it was later than that.

That's when the crash hit, yeah.

MRS. HAGLER: Yeah, but that was later than that. You were working for W.O. Anderson?

A . No, no.

MRS. HAGLER: Wasn't that?

When the crash, huh-uh. Anyhow, the A . crash hit in '29. It was shortly after that say 18 months after that would be the middle, around '31 maybe, '30 to '31. Well, and then Franklin D., well before that, they took these farms here by Kicked them right out. Of course the dozen. after that got started the farmers took shot guns and if you come out there to sell them out you just was dead, that's all. They didn't want to let you do that. So Franklin D. Roosevelt, when he got in, said that foolishness has got to stop. We will not permit any more of that. you take a man's home and his farm or his farm, that pays the bill. Forget about those

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deficiency judgements and they took our deficiency judgement and we didn't have to pay Of course, we didn't have the house any But we weren't stuck with that. I'd have been many years paying that thing off, because you get a job and they come along with that detachment, why you'd lose your job. but people, I've got a son-in-law that's the most radical Republican I've ever met and he thinks that all Democrats should be shot in the morning, including me, and he thinks Roosevelt was terrible and he has an older brother out on the coast that changed from Republican to Democrat and he's sure mad at him, he's really But the Democrats are the people that mad. saved us.

- Q. What did you do as a married couple? Did you have a family by that time?
 - A. No, our daughter was --

MRS. HAGLER: Yes, Jolene was born in 1925.

A. 1925, January 17, 1925, yeah, we had a family. It was tough sledding. But that was really -- but a lot of guys, oh, they sold some of those farms for deficiency judgement for five

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or six thousand dollars. A man could have never paid it back. And, but --

MRS. HAGLER: In 1929, you were working for Ridenour Bakers.

A. No, I wasn't. Think hard now.

MRS. HAGLER: Well, for Lee's then.

A. No, the one in between. Kellogg's out of Battle Creek, I left Lee's in '28 and went right with Kellogg's out of Battle Creek.

MRS. HAGLER: You were with them for quite a while.

And then Ridenour Baker after that, but in there I was with Kellogg. But I was out of a job a long time, you know that, a long time I didn't work. Because when 12:00 come, it just meant 12:00, it didn't mean noon. And the fellows, they put them to work digging ditches and everything and we lived on the corner of Johnstown and Columbia for a while and at noon those guys would open a sack to eat and a lot of them had potato peelings and that is all they Now that's the truth, I saw that right over there. And then they got so they dished flour out down at the fire department, the old fire department, the government sent in, they

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got some flour. But times were really rough They were really rough. And then they eased up. Then when the W.P.A. come on, you that meant Work Progress Administration. They put everybody to work. I got a job with Saline County driving a truck hauling them out and back and hauling dirt or whatever was out there on a dump truck. But I worked for the county. I was never on W.P.A., never did we accept any charity. We got some help from our folks occasionally and not too much of that. But we never accepted charity from anyone. Because while I was hauling the charity people and I was getting paid by the county.

- Q. The W.P.A. was considered charity?
- A. Well, they worked. You couldn't exactly call it charity, no. No, it wasn't charity. It wasn't charity like some of the things they're doing now. And, boy, that food stamp thing is a rip off, that's the worst thing we've ever had. And, but, they worked. We was out, on, we built roads and bridges and I turned a tractor over in the pond one day but, boy, I knew it was going and I left her before she went. I had a fresh fill, I was coming out and I had a

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small tractor with a scoop and a pull rope and I dumped the scoop and I got over too far to the edge and I could feel her go. I had to pull it out of the pond. But the W.P.A. really avoided a catastrophe among the people out of jobs, I won't say poverty stricken people, but nobody There just wasn't any jobs. had a job. Nobody could pay you if you worked for them. while the W.P.A. was in existence, I transferred from the road division of the county to the bind weed department. I drove a bind weed tractor for many years covering bind weed and getting rid of it. It overrun in this county at one And then I went from there, form the county to the post office.

- Q. Tell me about how you got started with the post office. You have been a mailman a long time then, haven't you?
 - A. I started in '42 and left in '65.

 Mrs. Hagler: You took an

examination?

A. In 1938. It was that long and then I had to take another one. The time -- what do you call it -- oh, you know when, oh, what do you call it nowadays? When something's beyond

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Well anyhow, I took it in '38, but I was 400th down or something because 4,000 took it and so then.

> Mrs. Hagler: Then when the war

Yeah. A.

Mrs. Hagler: When the war started you became hired?

A. Yeah. Then I was with the county and the bindweed department when the war hit.

Mrs. Hagler: And they still had your name, they called you then, the Civil Service called you?

Pafford stopped by our house on the corner of Iron and Ohio that night, don't you He was the postmaster. He said we're remember? going to give another examination and we want the people on the other list that didn't have a chance to get in there and take it. I did and passed it. And then as the war hit, I got hired and then she got hired. She spent four years in the post office.

MRS. HAGLER: That was in the forties.

'42 or three. Yeah, along in there.

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Well anyhow, you started when the war started. You left when the war quit. You were there a long time. Then I stayed in the post office from either the latter part of '41 to '45 and then I retired.

MRS. HAGLER: We worked inside the post office.

I was in there, I carried mail for about 14 years, 13 or 14. I started work for the post office in its present location in June or in May of '42. And the war came on and Post Offices were built in Camp Phillips and at that time the Smoky Hill Air Base. James B. Clark who lives at 437 South Ninth opened the post office in Camp Phillips and there were two there at that time. The main one and the one we had. I went out with Jim. We were located right near the telephone company on the corner. And I was in that post office till it was discontinued and then transferred for a short time to the air base post office and then it was put on a permanent basis at the air base and then I came in to this office and finished my years in here. And carried mail from 1955 or 1954. mail from 1954 to 1965 out on the route.

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wasn't in the office any more.

- Q. Where was your route?
- Well, the swing route is, you have five. A man works five days a week and you carry mail six, so you were allotted five routes and everyday you carried a different route. Well, I was swing man for a long time, till 1955, and the war ended. Well, I swung on everything. Then this route right here was up for bid and I had seniority enough to get it and I got it. And I was on this route until I retired, through here out the Ohio and back. And I was on that foot route all those years. And we observed many interesting experiences on there, on the Camp Phillips.
- Q. Why don't you tell me something about that?
- A. Right to the west of us was an entire colored regiment. At that time they were segregated. They had their own PXs and everything. They had no association with the white troops at all. And their PX was right behind our post office. The PX for the rest of the base was up farther and was quite a trip, so they invited us over there and we -- everything

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we wanted we got from there. And by the way, when the rationing was on, I had to get every ticket that we had to have for shoes, sugar, gasoline and everything through them out there. I couldn't come to town and get it. Now why, but we had to do that. Well, one day Jim and I run out of gasoline tickets, so I went up to the HQ and said to the girls, "I have to have some gas tickets," and she said "Well, you boys use too much gasoline, you can't have any more." said, "Okay, that's all right." So I went back and we called up general headquarters and we got through to the general and we said, "there won't be any post office here tomorrow morning, it will be closed." He said, "why." And I said, "that girl over there has refused us gasoline tickets and we're not going to walk." He said, "get back over there right now." And I got enough gas tickets in both hands to last until the war And we could go anywhere we wanted to. was over. Boy, I guess he really tore into her. had one more incident of that. Something happened on the base, they weren't going to let any more cars in the base. Well, our post office was two miles away. We went up one

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morning, and the guard said put your cars here at the fence and walk on in and we said fooey on you, so we got in the car and come back to town and told our postmaster about that and he got on the phone and he come out and said get in your And the guard said, "go cars and go back out. on by, go on by." Drove right into the post But if I wanted a pair of shoes, I had get tickets out there for them. And all the sugar and meat we got and everything come through the military. We never, her and I never had civilian ration tickets of any kind. why that was worked that way, I don't know. turned out better for us cause I know if you had that kind of trouble up here you'd have had a lot to go through. But all we had to do tell them out there that there wouldn't be any post office and there was. We never missed a minute, never missed a minute. And we were right on the west side, our work room really faced the west with the windows around here, but the sun come in here something terrible and Jim said, "can't we build some awnings on there?" I said, "yeah, let's do." So we scrounged around and got some lumber, I'll tell about that later and we built

awnings on those windows. One day a guy with gold braid from his head to his foot come in and he said, "you'll have to get them awnings down." Jim said, "if you want them awnings down, you just go take them down yourself. Because we're running this Post Office, you're not, and we can't stand that heat and if you want them down you take them down and we won't quarantee you'll have a Post Office after that." Never heard another word about it. There were awnings there when the camp closed. There was a lot of vacant barracks across the street and they had wooden sidewalks every place. And oh, we were without fuel there for a long time, we pretty near froze to the death, Jim and I did. And one day a guy He'd say, "somebody's taken our wooden come in. sidewalks," he said, "you guys are here all the 18 time looking across there." He said, "who took 19 We said, "we don't know who took the 20 sidewalks, we don't know anything about it." And right behind us was a Catholic Church or a -yeah, it was at Catholic Church. And but our deal was with the priest, if you remember and we put our requisition for coal to keep from

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freezing to death in our post office.

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boys can't have any coal, you will have to go through uptown or someplace. So we looked across there and they were dumping coal at that Catholic Church that you couldn't hardly see the Jim winked at me and I winked at me, so church. we gathered up a few nails kegs and we was out there till 10:00 every night. We accumulated a I guess the pixies must have carried coal pile. it over, I don't know, but anyhow we got coal. And one day a fellow come up to the window, I noticed a cross on him, he was dressed in a uniform and he said, "somebody's stealing our coal, do you know anything about it?" yeah, "I won't lie to you, we are." And he said, "I was sure you were." And he said, "I can't blame you because you guys have to wear over shoes out there in the daytime out there." Cracks in the floor. He said, "I was pretty sure that you were taking it." He said, "now listen don't take any more of it and tomorrow I'll have you some coal", and we never had any trouble getting coal. But I didn't lie to him and he told me he was Father so and so, Chaplin over there. He said, "you been taking our coal", and I said, "yeah we've been taking it because

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we can't stand here and they won't bring us any and we got to keep the office open and we figured if you run out of coal, why, you could get some more." He said, "yeah, I can. And we never got any more get you some. " trouble with the coal. And, but, the experiences were many out there. There's a lot of them I wouldn't give a dime for and a lot of them I wouldn't take a million for. But we had lots and lots of experiences out there. day the soldiers come in our place and lined up to get a drink and that was something. We had a And that was -- just couldn't fountain there. figure it out. And they didn't say nothing. The line just grew on and Jim and I drank, too. Pretty soon a guy come around and said, "we have We said, "what's the got to shut your water." He says, "it's contaminated and you'll all get sick and we all did." Jim and I got sick and the guys, they shut water off every other part of the camp and somebody found out the post office fountain was running and they just lined up there and I had a sticky feeling that there must have been something bad about it and contaminated water. But Jim and I didn't

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get enough to hurt us too bad. It made us sick.

But a lot of the soldiers I guess got pretty

sick. And they had to go without water until

they got that filtering plant, it was pumped

from the Smoky Hill River way down east at the

sand company, way over there on the river, and

it was supposed to be purified. Well, it is now.

On South Fifth Street Road now going south

there's a water thing.

MRS. HAGLER: It's really Ohio now.

Well anyhow, the government put A . Is it? in that soft water filter plant, the water problems were done. And boy the things we saw They had one end of our Post Office shut off from us, it was a big empty building. It was to hold court marshals in. And some kid killed somebody out there and they held his court marshal in there and sentenced him to death, but Roosevelt commuted him. hung, but they done it right there in our post But boy, I tell you, one day a fellow come in and oh, some men couldn't read and write. They had to have their addresses printed on their checks and have us address envelopes to their folks down in Georgia or Alabama or

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Most of the colored boys couldn't. Louisiana. We done a lot of work for them. A guy come in Jim said, "what one day and he had two envelopes. you got there?" He said, "well I got a letter from a sweetheart in this hand, got a letter from my wife in this hand and I got divorce proceedings in this letter here." Jimmy said, "what happened?" He said, "I got my wife's letter in my sweetheart's envelope and my sweetheart letter in my wife's envelope." And that's what happened, now that's the truth. She remembers And there he was. Oh, he was in a terrible mess. And a lot of them were master seargants got on to that check business. they would tell these ignorant colored boys that they would see the check got mailed. never got mailed. They stole it. Oh, they stole a lot. A lot got prison sentences out of it and the people kept writing up and wanting to know why they weren't getting their allottment These guys that were helping them were But the truth of the fact who them. stealing done it, but of course, Jim and I just had to fix out their envelopes with the guy's X on a piece of paper in it and seal it, then we would

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address the envelopes where he told us to, we done a lot of that. Boy, it was just unbelievable the amount of people, of course, that was -that's been 33, 34 years ago. And I suppose illiteracy has tamed down since then. those guys in the south, there wasn't one out of ten of them that could read. Not one out of ten. It was an experience there that was really something. And I never got so cold as I did one Everytime I see Jim, he gets in the hospital a lot of times, he's got emphysema, I go over there, he said, "are you still cold?" I said, "yeah I'm still cold." We went out there one summer afternoon dressed about like I am now. And boy a northerner blew up with the snow a coming and oh, man we didn't have enough clothes on to light a shotgun, just ordinary clothes and we started home in Jim's old Ford. Got out on the Burma Road about halfway in and it quit. I almost froze to death. I tell you I've Why never been so cold in my life, since or before. And everytime I see Jim he says, "you still cold?"

Q. Your mail route, part of that's gone. Can you tell us?

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Oh, it was --

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I had a mail route that started at the Union Pacific freight house on Second and Ash. I went, caught the businesses on Second Street Then I came back, went over on Front Street and went clear north to North and clear back up to Ash Street bridge and across the river, and all that now from Elm Street north clear down to the tracks is gone; it's all urban renewal, every bit of it. I had 356 houses I believe in there, all colored and Mexican, and we still know some awful nice people that lived there, friends of ours, both Mexican and colored. A colored lady died here a short time ago. colored folks from up there that moved up the street here, mention no names being still on tape, and I knew they were in trouble every where they went. And this old colored lady that talked so much of Hazel and our little granddaughter, we was out one afternoon and our little granddaughter got terribly sick and we was right there and I knew Mrs. Gaston so we just went up there and took Hazel and took Judy She was only what, a year-and-a-half old or something, she was little. Well anyhow, we'd known this old colored lady for many years

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and a swell person, her husband retired from the Union Pacific car cleaner one thing or another, many years, he's still living. And these people moved in down the street and this old lady said, "do those people, called them by name, live down there," we said, "yeah." She said, honey, "if you got any gold in your mouth, you keep your mouth shut because if you don't they'll steal it." And they are, now they haven't caused us any I threatened to cut one's ears off and nail them on the barn and I've not had any And they don't come up here at trouble again. We had two little white dogs that both all. died, you've seen them, and those kids would come by here and they'd cross the street with those dogs inside the fence, wouldn't they? They were just deathly scared of those dogs. They wouldn't hurt anybody.

- Q. What about your mail route, did you have any experiences in your mail route?
 - A. Oh, boy.
- Q. You certainly did. Can you tell us about a few?
- A. I was going out, I was swinging on the 500 block of South College, oh, it's been more

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than 20 years ago. I looked up the street and I saw the milkman run down off of a porch and he had a wire basket with milk in it and he just dropped it and spilled the milk and he jumped in the truck and took off and I thought, well, boy, that dog must be bad. I better get my iron rod out here so I'll know what I'm doing. And I got up there and I heard something a moaning and a hollering. A lady was hollering help. She said, "help me, help me, I'm having a baby" and she So I just went next door, I didn't want was. any part of that. So I went next door and got the lady next door and then called the police department. She was taken care of all right. But that -- I saw him later, I said, "what in the world made you do a silly thing like that?" I said, "my goodness, that's just nature. just misguessed was all." He said, "oh, boy, I don't know." He said, "I took one look and that was about it. That was it right there." can just see him throwing that wire basket full of quarter bottles as he took out of there. Well, I thought dog because that was the main thing in my life. Boy, them are all dog bites. And in 25 years, I had 55 papers signed up where

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I went to the doctor to either get sewed up or something.

Q. 55 dog bites?

A. 55 dog bites in 25 years. I averaged a little over two a year. Then I had a lot of stitches and old Shaffer up there, he used to get a big kick out of it. He'd rip me open and take something, I don't know what and pour it in there and I'd hit the ceiling.

MRS. HAGLER: He kept giving these tetanus shots until he got allergic to it.

And I'd just go out there, he said, "what's A . the matter, are you nervous?" It made me so mad. But one day he said, "say, you know what," and I He said, "you're getting bit so said, "what?" many times, so immune, the next dog bites you, he's going to die, you ain't." And I've had about as many dog bites as anybody. And I've had a few, I put a few of them away, too, about ll in one year. I had an iron rod about that big and I could take my sack and use it like a bull fighter does a cape and I could get them around there and that's all she wrote then. missed one day and hit my leg, though. got back to the post office one day and Carl

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Weberg, Postmaster, Assistant Postmaster, said, "there's a lady in the office wants to see you." So I went in there. She had a broom, had the brush part and two parts of the handle in her hand and she said, "you broke this on my dog." And I said, "that's exactly what I done." said, "I want a new broom." I said, "well, if you force the issue here with them and make me buy you a new broom, your dog had no business being loose. I've got a perfect right to put the mail in your box and I shouldn't be attacked while I'm doing it. Now your broom was standing there and I picked it up and I whacked him over Now you better the head and broke your broom. forget it." So she did. And she never come back again. But then another called up, I don't know who out on West Grand, "tell the mailman to come out and bury our dog," she said. I told Carl, I said, "nothing doing." "I'm not going out and bury nobody's dog." And he was a Scotty and come out in the street and got me, not on her property, on public property. I said, "that dog attacked me on public property and I hit him with a brick and he died."

Q. So after retiring as a postman, you

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worked as a school crossing guard?

Four years.

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on the corner of Iron Avenue and Wisconsin. following year the people, the kids either finished that school or the people moved away and as I went ahead, a person left, they discontinued that crossing and I moved over to Gypsum and Indiana and I was there three years until they discontinued all crossmen, crossing men and established lights. I see some velling about it, somebody got hit. Did you see that, a child got hit the other night out there at one them crossing where there was both lights and flag, but I guess, my kids never disobeyed me, boy they better not, I'll tell you for sure. But a lot of the boys were wishy-washy and as the kids dashed across they dashed across. a kid dashed across on me, I got him by the collar and I marched him right up to the school and I had a guy up there that could really beat them, too, and boy they never done that on me any more. When I said you stay there, they stayed, because I didn't -- I never got a child bumped, I never got one hurt in the four years I was there. But I was nicknamed Iron Pants,

I was at -- I started in

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Sergeant Carter and a few other things. never got anyone hurt. Piles of Christmas presents and they just seemed to think the world of me but if I said you stay on that crossing, they stayed and I never -- I pretty near got it I thought I'd get fired over it. one morning. I started across and I was facing the east, had my back to the west and the kids were in front I had both flags out. All of a sudden the kids started yelling, holding their hands up and do like that and I turned around right into the front of an automobile. She was right up against me and when I turned around I was up against the radiator, which she should have stopped across the street. And boy I laid out on her because I am that way. I said, "where did you get your driver's license, Montgomery Wards?" She said, "I'm going to turn you in for I said, "you just go ahead." I said, "you just go ahead and you're going to have warrants against you that you can't pile in the back seat." I said, "you better just forget it and don't do any more." And she forgot it and didn't do any more. But boy I'd have sacked her up because she violated every rule in the book and

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75 years? 4 I arrived here on the turn of the 5 You've gone through floods and fires. 7 Lots of big fires. And sickness and 8 Hard times pretty near finished me. 9 MRS. HAGLER: Dust storms. 10 What about the dust storms? 11 Out by Roosevelt school, we couldn't 12 hardly find our way back home from the school up 13 Man, I tell you, it was something. 14 was just unbelievable, that's all. You might be 15 interested in this. He stayed with me till he 16 died over here on Oakdale Avenue. There was 17 nobody bothered me when he was there, I'll tell 18 19 That was the dog that followed you on 20 21 22 MRS. HAGLER: The dog had a heart 23 24 No, strychnine. 25 MRS. HAGLER: Oh, he acted like

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he had a heart attack.

A. I know he did. I'm going through these pictures here. I'll let you see them pretty soon. This actually happened. I'm trying to

find the dust storm picture.

Q. These are pictures from?

A. Out in Western Kansas.

(WHEREUPON an off the record discussion was had after which

the following:)

A. I don't know where these dust storm pictures are. Here's our fellows when they were little. They're both married and have children now. I can't think where in the world those -- I had them someplace. Out around Scott City and out through there it was just perfectly black.

Q. What was it like here in Salina?

A. Well, like I tell you, this is the truth, it started up and she said you better go down and get Shirley Mae there at the school and when I got down there it hit and we couldn't hardly see to walk from Oakdale School to 229 South Penn. And I was out to Hays one day, I was traveling out there and the old Brunswick Hotel was on South Main Street and we sat in the

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lobby of that hotel and there was a Standard Oil filling station across the street and we couldn't see the Standard Oil filling station all that day. And we had to put cloths over the tables in the dining room and reach underneath and the air and they had it shut up and everything, the air was so full of dirt.

MRS. HAGLER: The dust was so bad in the house don't you know, we would turn on the electric light and it was just dim.

Just dim and you couldn't keep it out. A . There wasn't anyway to keep it out. And if you drove your car at all during that you had to take a wet towel and tie it over the air cleaner. You couldn't go very far because pretty soon it would all mat up and shut off your air and the engine would guit and then you would have to get out and either wash it off or take it off or something like that. And it's unbelievable that's the reason I would like to have you see these pictures. I don't know, but it showed that dust coming in and it was just black like midnight, just exactly like that. And I just got Shirley Mae home and the thing hit and if I hadn't done that I don't know what we would have

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were not here at that time have no conception of the terrible and the disaster of the thing. Many many places in Western Kansas that there used to be post fences and wire fences, all gone. Just drifted straight across at the mound and you couldn't see fences for miles. And of course my merchants all went broke and the job blowed up and it was sure terrible, I'll tell in a way, we brought it on ourselves because that was all pasture land at one time, all grazing country. Great cattle country. wheat went up from 25 cents a bushel to \$2.00. Well everybody wanted to get rich overnight. they brought in the plows from every where and they plowed up all that grass. And that's when it happened. The terrific winds come and just and now of course our pasture lands are mostly A lot of wheat land of back to grass now. But not in the proportion it was at Oh, just looking back over the things. She can remember same as I do. a lot of good times, we knew a lot of good folks But the guys think they're having and all that.

done. Oh, I'd have stayed here and found her of

But man, I'm telling you, people that

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a tough time now, foohey. I'm glad he's going to change the food stamp deal. The people with low income should get the food stamps, that's what they should get. But here, if your in debt up to your eyebrows and making eight to ten thousand dollars a year, you can get food stamps.

If you get a very low income and you don't owe anybody or interest to the banks or rent or anything, you don't get them. It's just too bad buster, you can't have any and that isn't right. That is not right.

- Q. Ray, you're 75 years in Salina and how would you sum up all of it, would you change anything of all that's happened to you?
- A . Well, I would have tried to made on my parents when I was young, if I easier I worked. I never indulged in athletics could. anything. I was working when I was in school and I worked when I got out of school and I worked during the noon hours delivering packages. And I'm not hollering or blaming anybody, because my father was practically blind. really was the main source of livelihood from ten years old on. If I could change it, would change it so my folks wouldn't have such a

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I got by all right. I always get by. hard time. for me first, as you probably know watch out And her with me, of course. and so does she. But I would have liked to have it had things so it wouldn't have been quite so tough. And there were kids that went to college from here when I was young, of course that was a no-no for me. And I didn't get to finish high school because the war came along and had to quit then. all in all, I wouldn't trade Salina, Kansas for anything, anything on earth, I don't think. think it's great.

- Q. Thank you Ray.
- A. I think it's great.